Lollipops on unknown degree level structures

Max Duparc

Swissogeny Day 4: 26th November 2025

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Figure: Today's weapon

Definition: Level Structures Isogeny Problem [DFP24]

Let $\phi: E \to E'$ of degree d. $E[N] = \langle P, Q \rangle$, with N smooth^a. Let $\Gamma \subset GL_2(\mathbb{Z}_N)$, with $\gamma \in_{\$} \Gamma$:

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Defines a hierarchy.

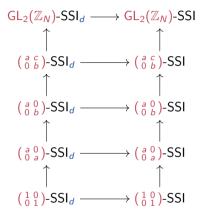


Figure: Level structure ladder

 \bullet Going \nearrow increases the difficulty.

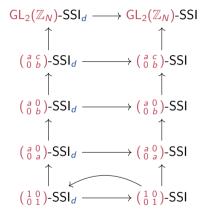


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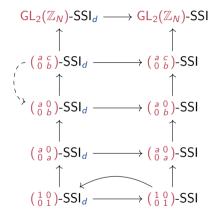


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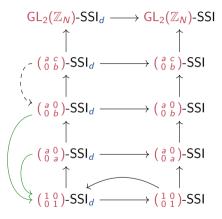


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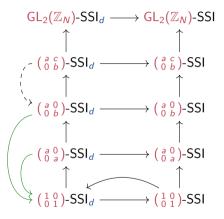


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- \bullet We are searching for \swarrow transformations.
 - ▶ [DFP24]: -->
 - ► [CV23]: --->
- ▶ Goal: generalise \longrightarrow to the unknown degree setting.

[CV23] Generalised Iollipop attack

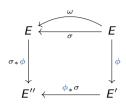


Figure: Generalised Iollipop diagram

Generalised Iollipop

Let $\omega, \sigma \in \operatorname{End}(E)$ with $\phi_* \sigma$ computable and $\forall \gamma \in \Gamma, (\widehat{\sigma} \circ \omega) \left(\gamma \cdot \binom{P}{Q} \right) = \gamma \cdot \left(\widehat{\sigma} \circ \omega \binom{P}{Q} \right) = \gamma \cdot \mathbf{M} \binom{P}{Q}$.

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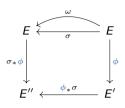


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We define $\psi = \sigma_* \phi \circ \omega \circ \widehat{\phi} : E' \to E''$ and have that

$$[\deg(\sigma)] \cdot \frac{\pmb{\psi}}{T} \binom{S}{T} = [d] \cdot \mathbf{M} \cdot \phi_* \sigma \binom{S}{T}$$

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Downgrading the level structure

Key Observation

In the unknown degree setting, the generalised lollipop still downgrades the level structure.

$$[d^{-1}] \cdot \mathbf{\psi} \begin{pmatrix} S \\ T \end{pmatrix} = [\deg(\sigma)^{-1}] \cdot \mathbf{M} \cdot \phi_* \sigma \begin{pmatrix} S \\ T \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\begin{pmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{pmatrix}$$
-SSI $(\phi) \xrightarrow{reduction^*} \begin{pmatrix} d^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & d^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$ -SSI (ψ)

Note: reduction is not perfect and eats part of ϕ oriented by $\widehat{\sigma} \circ \omega$.

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► How hard is $\begin{pmatrix} d^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & d^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$ -SSI?

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Erased degree level structure

Definition: $\begin{pmatrix} d^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & d^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$ -SSI problem

 ψ : $E' \to E''$ is a *cyclic* isogeny of degree d^2 , and let $E'[N] = \langle S, T \rangle$ be a basis of E'[N]. We define the *erased degree level structure* as:

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⁰For simplicity, we take $\omega = id$.

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 - Prevents recovering d via any pairing.

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It is an isogeny that cannot be interpolated.

$$[d^{-1}]\psi$$
 is an isogeny of degree $(1 + k_{N,d}N)^2 \gg N^2$

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- \mathcal{D} has small support if $|\operatorname{supp}(\mathcal{D})| = \operatorname{poly}(\lambda) \implies \operatorname{lcm}(\mathcal{D}) = \exp(\lambda)$

Theorem

For $d \in \mathcal{D}$ small supp and for N big-enough

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- If $N > \text{lcm}(\mathcal{D})$, it can be interpolated.

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$$[\operatorname{lcm}(\mathcal{D})/d]_{\psi}(E[N]) \xrightarrow{\operatorname{IsogenyDiv}} [d/d]_{\psi}(E[N])$$

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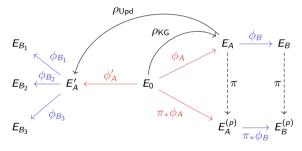
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- $\binom{a\ 0}{0\ a}$ -SSI: Given $\phi: E_0 \to E$, if the distribution has small supp, then we can recover ϕ independently of the shape of N.
 - ► Can be used constructively.
- For POKE et al. [BM25, KHKL25], no attacks (yet). (As $lcm(\mathcal{D}) \geq 2^{\vartheta(2^{\lambda})}$).
 - ▶ Their security comes more from \mathcal{D} than from Γ .

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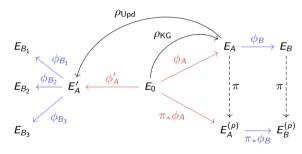
- Can instantiate SETA [DDF⁺21]-like trapdoor on (^{a 0}/_{0 a})-SSI.
- Can be applied to construct a more efficient SILBE UPKE [DFV24].
 - + Base prime p about 2.7x smaller.
 - + Just need (3, 3) and (3, 3, 3, 3) HD-isogenies.
 - + Should provide a 2³²x speed-up on original.
 - but p still 4700 bits for $\lambda = 128$.



Simplified overview of SILBE

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 - + Base prime p about 2.7x smaller.
 - + Just need (3,3) and (3,3,3,3) HD-isogenies.
 - + Should provide a $2^{32}x$ speed-up on original.
 - but p still 4700 bits for $\lambda = 128$.
- Giant step in the direction of efficient UPKE.
 - Work is still needed.



Simplified overview of SILBE

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December 11, 2025

Is $\begin{pmatrix} d^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & d^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$ -SSI more profound ?

Level structure as partial maps

Let SS be the supersingular category. Assume $N = \ell^e$.

$$\eta: \mathsf{Hom}(\mathsf{E}_1, \mathsf{E}_2)
ightharpoonup \mathsf{Hom}(\mathsf{E}_1, \mathsf{E}_2) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Z}_{\ell^e}$$
 $\eta(\phi) = \phi \otimes \sqrt{\mathsf{deg}(\phi)}$

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 $\eta(\phi) = \phi \otimes \sqrt{\mathsf{deg}(\phi)}$ $egin{pmatrix} d^{-1} & 0 \ 0 & d^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$ -SSI \iff compute preimage of η

 η is stable. Can go to the (inverse) limit

$$\eta: \mathsf{Hom}(E_1, E_2)
ightharpoonup \mathsf{Hom}(E_1, E_2) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbf{Z}_{\ell} \simeq \mathsf{Hom}(T_{\ell}(E_1), T_{\ell}(E_2))$$

► Can we study $\begin{pmatrix} d^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & d^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$ -SSI using algebraic homology ?

Conclusion

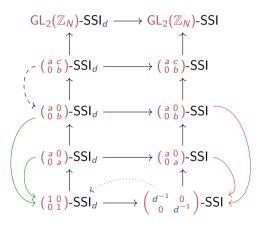


Figure: NEW Level structure ladder

Lollipops are boomerang!

Happy to discuss your comments & questions!

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